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PubMed☐ 1: J Gen Virol 1994 Mar;75 (Pt 3):663-8

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A single amino acid change in the E2 spike protein of a virulent strain of Semliki Forest virus attenuates pathogenicity.

Glasgow GM, Killen HM, Liljestrom P, Sheahan BJ, Atkins GJ.

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Department of Microbiology, Moyne Institute, Trinity College, Dublin, Ireland.

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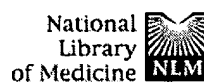
The virulent strain SFV4 of Semliki Forest virus (SFV), produced from the infectious clone pSP6-SFV4, is lethal after intranasal (i.n.) infection of adult mice and for pregnant mice after intraperitoneal (i.p.) infection. In contrast, the A7 strain of SFV is avirulent when given i.n. to adult mice, but induces fetal death in pregnant mice after i.p. infection. The nucleotide and deduced amino acid sequences of part of the core and all of the envelope region of A7-SFV were determined and compared to those of SFV4. A7 differed from SFV4 at 80 nucleotides (nt) in the coding sequence, 15 of which were associated with amino acid differences and seven of which (two in the E2 protein and five in E1) were non-conservative. The 3' non-coding sequence of A7 was longer (415 nt) than that of SFV4 (263 nt) and a divergent sequence of 181 nt was present adjacent to the end of the E1 coding region. The effects on virulence of two mutations in the E2 gene of SFV4, resulting in the non-conservative amino acid substitutions present in A7, were analysed. One mutation (mut 8729 a/c) resulted in only slight attenuation, whereas the other (mut 8902 a/g) resulted in avirulence for pregnant mice. However, mut 8902 a/g was lethal for the majority of developing fetuses after i.p. infection of the mother.

PMID: 8126464 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]

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Entrez
PubMed☐ 1: Virology 1991 Dec;185(2):741-8[Related Articles, Links](#)

Two mutations in the envelope glycoprotein E2 of Semliki Forest virus affecting the maturation and entry patterns of the virus alter pathogenicity for mice.

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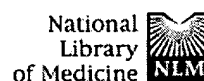
Glasgow GM, Sheahan BJ, Atkins GJ, Wahlberg JM, Salminen A, Liljestrom P.

Department of Microbiology, Moyne Institute, Trinity College, Dublin, Ireland.

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The prototype strain of Semliki Forest virus (SFV) of known sequence and virus produced by the cDNA clone derived from it were lethal following intranasal (i.n.) infection of 40-day-old and intraperitoneal (i.p.) infection of pregnant BALB/c mice; this lethality was related to neuronal necrosis in the central nervous system (CNS). We conclude that the virulence of the prototype strain, and virus from the cDNA clone derived from it, is similar to that of L10 (the original SFV isolate). The effects of two mutations in the p62 envelope protein region of the clone were determined. Substitution of Glu for Lys at position 162 (mut64) extended the mean time of death following i.n. inoculation of 40-day-old mice. Pregnant mice infected with this virus survived but lethal infection of some fetuses did occur. Substitution of Leu for Arg at position 66 (mL), the cleavage site of the E2 and E3 proteins, results in the production of particles containing uncleaved p62. These particles were less virulent than the prototype strain when inoculated i.n. and induced immunity to virulent SFV challenge. The virus also induced the formation of multifocal glial nodules in the CNS of surviving mice. The differences in pathogenicity between the two mutants and the virulent parental virus are probably related to differences in the efficiency of virus multiplication in infected mice. The mut64 mutation attenuated the virus and allowed survival of pregnant mice infected i.p. so that the effects of fetal infection could be detected. The mL mutation allowed survival of i.n.-infected mice so that the later effects of virus multiplication in the CNS could be assessed. In the former case, this is probably a result of reduced virus release, whereas in the latter case it is due to inefficient entry of host cells. The results are consistent with our previous suggestion that lethality for virulent SFV infection results from a lethal threshold of damage to neurons in the CNS and that attenuating mutations may reduce neuronal damage below this threshold level.

PMID: 1660202 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]



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**ELSEVIER SCIENCE
FULL-TEXT ARTICLE**

Differential roles of two conserved glycine residues in the fusion peptide of Semliki Forest virus.

Shome SG, Kielian M.

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Department of Cell Biology, Albert Einstein College of Medicine, Bronx, New York, 10461, USA.

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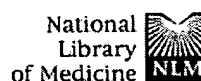
Semliki Forest Virus (SFV) is an enveloped alphavirus that infects cells by a low-pH-dependent membrane fusion reaction. SFV fusion is catalyzed by the spike protein E1 subunit, which contains a putative fusion peptide between residues 79 and 97. Prior mutagenesis studies demonstrated that an E1 G91D mutation blocks both virus-membrane fusion and the formation of a highly stable E1 trimer believed to be a critical fusion intermediate. We have here demonstrated that the G91D mutant was also inactive in hemifusion, suggesting that the E1 homotrimer is important in the initial stages of lipid mixing. Revertant analysis of a G91 deletion mutant indicated that G91 was crucial for the viability of SFV. In contrast, a G83D mutation produced infectious virus with both efficient fusion and homotrimer formation. Thus, the G83 position, although highly conserved among alphaviruses, was functional if replaced with a charged amino acid. Copyright 2001 Academic Press.

PMID: 11145898 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]

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PubMed☐ 1: J Virol 2000 May;74(9):4220-8

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A single deletion in the membrane-proximal region of the Sindbis virus glycoprotein E2 endodomain blocks virus assembly.

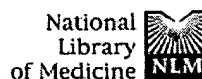
Hernandez R, Lee H, Nelson C, Brown DT.

Department of Biochemistry, North Carolina State University, Raleigh, North Carolina 27695, USA.

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The envelopment of the Sindbis virus nucleocapsid in the modified cell plasma membrane involves a highly specific interaction between the capsid (C) protein and the endodomain of the E2 glycoprotein. We have previously identified a domain of the Sindbis virus C protein involved in binding to the E2 endodomain (H. Lee and D. T. Brown, Virology 202:390-400, 1994). The C-E2 binding domain resides in a hydrophobic cleft with C Y180 and W247 on opposing sides of the cleft. Structural modeling studies indicate that the E2 domain, which is proposed to bind the C protein (E2 398T, 399P, and 400Y), is located at a sufficient distance from the membrane to occupy the C protein binding cleft (S. Lee, K. E. Owen, H. K. Choi, H. Lee, G. Lu, G. Wengler, D. T. Brown, M. G. Rossmann, and R. J. Kuhn, Structure 4:531-541, 1996). To measure the critical spanning length of the E2 endodomain which positions the TPY domain into the putative C binding cleft, we have constructed a deletion mutant, DeltaK391, in which a nonconserved lysine (E2 K391) at the membrane-cytoplasm junction of the E2 tail has been deleted. This mutant was found to produce very low levels of virus from BHK-21 cells due to a defect in an unidentified step in nucleocapsid binding to the E2 endodomain. In contrast, DeltaK391 produced wild-type levels of virus from tissue-cultured mosquito cells. We propose that the phenotypic differences displayed by this mutant in the two diverse host cells arise from fundamental differences in the lipid composition of the insect cell membranes which affect the physical and structural properties of membranes and thereby virus assembly. The data suggest that these viruses have evolved properties adapted specifically for assembly in the diverse hosts in which they grow.

PMID: 10756035 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]



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☐ 1: Virology 1995 Feb 1;206(2):1027-34

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ELSEVIER SCIENCE
FULL-TEXT ARTICLE

A pseudo-revertant of a Sindbis virus 6K protein mutant, which corrects for aberrant particle formation, contains two new mutations that map to the ectodomain of the E2 glycoprotein.

Ivanova L, Lustig S, Schlesinger MJ.

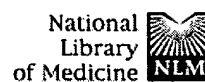
Department of Molecular Microbiology, Washington University School of Medicine, St. Louis, Missouri 63110-1073.

Most site-directed mutations in the gene encoding the small, membrane-associated 6K protein of Sindbis virus interfere selectively with virus assembly and budding. Particles are released that are aberrant in structure, with a single membrane enclosing multiple nucleocapsids. A revertant for the mutation that inserted a serine for a cysteine at position 39 in the 6K protein was isolated and found to correct for the defective budding so that normal particles were formed. Genetic analysis of this revertant showed that two additional mutations, which were mapped to the ectodomain of the E2 virus glycoprotein, were present in addition to the original 6K substitution. The phenotype of the revertant differed from the wild-type strain and the original mutation with regard to plaque size, thermostability, and growth in neuronal cells. Five new virus genetic constructs were prepared by insertion of these mutations into the wild-type virus. Phenotypes of these constructs confirmed that the mutations in the E2 ectodomain were responsible for both correcting the original defect in budding as well as imparting changes in cell tropism, plaque size, and thermostability on the virus. These results indicate that 6K may play an indirect role in the packing of the virus spike glycoproteins, which allows for membrane deformation and bending during the budding process.

PMID: 7856077 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]

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=> "dogue virus"
    1 "DOGUE"
    276438 "VIRUS"
    56493 "VIRUSES"
    286174 "VIRUS"
        ("VIRUS" OR "VIRUSES")
L8      0 "DOGUE VIRUS"
        ("DOGUE" (W) "VIRUS")

=> "dugue virus"
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    56493 "VIRUSES"
    286174 "VIRUS"
        ("VIRUS" OR "VIRUSES")
L9      0 "DUGUE VIRUS"
        ("DUGUE" (W) "VIRUS")

=> "flavivirus"
    838 "FLAVIVIRUS"
    445 "FLAVIVIRUSES"
L10     999 "FLAVIVIRUS"
        ("FLAVIVIRUS" OR "FLAVIVIRUSES")

=> "glycoprotein E2"
    82153 "GLYCOPROTEIN"
    89463 "GLYCOPROTEINS"
    125459 "GLYCOPROTEIN"
        ("GLYCOPROTEIN" OR "GLYCOPROTEINS")
    45040 "E2"
L11     369 "GLYCOPROTEIN E2"
        ("GLYCOPROTEIN" (W) "E2")

=> L10 and L11
L12     1 L10 AND L11

=> "rossi River virus"
    830 "ROSSI"
    71738 "RIVER"
    15236 "RIVERS"
    77331 "RIVER"
        ("RIVER" OR "RIVERS")
    276438 "VIRUS"
    56493 "VIRUSES"
    286174 "VIRUS"
        ("VIRUS" OR "VIRUSES")
L13     0 "ROSSI RIVER VIRUS"
        ("ROSSI" (W) "RIVER" (W) "VIRUS")

=> "ross river virus"
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    17 "ROSSES"
    2897 "ROSS"
        ("ROSS" OR "ROSSES")
    71738 "RIVER"
    15236 "RIVERS"
    77331 "RIVER"
        ("RIVER" OR "RIVERS")
    276438 "VIRUS"
    56493 "VIRUSES"

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        286174 "VIRUS"
            ("VIRUS" OR "VIRUSES")
L14        92 "ROSS RIVER VIRUS"
            ("ROSS" (W) "RIVER" (W) "VIRUS")

=> "glycoprotein"
        82153 "GLYCOPROTEIN"
        89463 "GLYCOPROTEINS"
L15        125459 "GLYCOPROTEIN"
            ("GLYCOPROTEIN" OR "GLYCOPROTEINS")

=> L14 and L15
L16        32 L14 AND L15

=> mutation and L16
        178831 MUTATION
        114887 MUTATIONS
        222022 MUTATION
            (MUTATION OR MUTATIONS)
L17        10 MUTATION AND L16

=> "amino acid 158" and L17
        890529 "AMINO"
        40 "AMINOS"
        890546 "AMINO"
            ("AMINO" OR "AMINOS")
        3527472 "ACID"
        1348868 "ACIDS"
        3991026 "ACID"
            ("ACID" OR "ACIDS")
        33313 "158"
        22 "AMINO ACID 158"
            ("AMINO" (W) "ACID" (W) "158")
L18        0 "AMINO ACID 158" AND L17

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    15 "HCVS"
    6076 "HCV"
        ("HCV" OR "HCVS")
    45040 "E2"
    82153 "GLYCOPROTEIN"
    89463 "GLYCOPROTEINS"
    125459 "GLYCOPROTEIN"
        ("GLYCOPROTEIN" OR "GLYCOPROTEINS")
L1      9 "HCV E2 GLYCOPROTEIN"
        ("HCV" (W) "E2" (W) "GLYCOPROTEIN")

=> mutation and L1
    178831 MUTATION
    114887 MUTATIONS
    222022 MUTATION
        (MUTATION OR MUTATIONS)
L2      0 MUTATION AND L1

=> L1 and mutation
    178831 MUTATION
    114887 MUTATIONS
    222022 MUTATION
        (MUTATION OR MUTATIONS)
L3      0 L1 AND MUTATION

=> mutation
    178831 MUTATION
    114887 MUTATIONS
L4      222022 MUTATION
        (MUTATION OR MUTATIONS)

=> L1 and L4
L5      0 L1 AND L4

=> "HCV glycoprotein E2"
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    15 "HCVS"
    6076 "HCV"
        ("HCV" OR "HCVS")
    82153 "GLYCOPROTEIN"
    89463 "GLYCOPROTEINS"
    125459 "GLYCOPROTEIN"
        ("GLYCOPROTEIN" OR "GLYCOPROTEINS")
    45040 "E2"
L6      5 "HCV GLYCOPROTEIN E2"
        ("HCV" (W) "GLYCOPROTEIN" (W) "E2")

=> L6 and L4
L7      2 L6 AND L4

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```
=> venezuelan (w) equine (w) encephalitis (w) virus
    1601 VENEZUELAN
      9 VENEZUELANS
    1606 VENEZUELAN
        (VENEZUELAN OR VENEZUELANS)
    7814 EQUINE
      107 EQUINES
    7875 EQUINE
        (EQUINE OR EQUINES)
    5428 ENCEPHALITIS
      1 ENCEPHALITISES
    5428 ENCEPHALITIS
        (ENCEPHALITIS OR ENCEPHALITISES)
    276438 VIRUS
    56493 VIRUSES
    286174 VIRUS
        (VIRUS OR VIRUSES)
L19      270 VENEZUELAN (W) EQUINE (W) ENCEPHALITIS (W) VIRUS
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```
=> glycoprotein and L19
    82153 GLYCOPROTEIN
    89463 GLYCOPROTEINS
    125459 GLYCOPROTEIN
        (GLYCOPROTEIN OR GLYCOPROTEINS)
L20      81 GLYCOPROTEIN AND L19
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The E# entered is not currently defined.
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    89463 "GLYCOPROTEINS"
    125459 "GLYCOPROTEIN"
        ("GLYCOPROTEIN" OR "GLYCOPROTEINS")
    45040 "E2"
L21      369 "GLYCOPROTEIN E2"
        ("GLYCOPROTEIN" (W) "E2")
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=> L21 and L19
L22      23 L21 AND L19
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=> mutation and L22
    178831 MUTATION
    114887 MUTATIONS
    222022 MUTATION
        (MUTATION OR MUTATIONS)
L23      11 MUTATION AND L22
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L23 ANSWER 1 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER:      2002:79879 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:      136:275804
TITLE:      Positively charged amino acid substitutions in the E2
              envelope glycoprotein are associated with the
```

emergence of **Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus**

AUTHOR(S): Brault, Aaron C.; Powers, Ann M.; Holmes, Edward C.; Woelk, C. H.; Weaver, Scott C.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Center for Tropical Diseases and Department of Pathology, University of Texas Medical Branch, Galveston, TX, 77555-0609, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Virology (2002), 76(4), 1718-1730
CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X

PUBLISHER: American Society for Microbiology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Epidemic-epizootic Venezuelan equine encephalitis (VEE) viruses (VEEV) have emerged repeatedly via convergent evolution from enzootic predecessors. However, previous sequence analyses have failed to identify common sets of nucleotide or amino acid substitutions assocd. with all emergence events. During 1993 and 1996, VEEV subtype IE epizootics occurred on the Pacific Coast of the states of Chiapas and Oaxaca in southern Mexico. Like other epizootic VEEV strains, when inoculated into guinea pigs and mice, the Mexican isolates were no more virulent than closely related enzootic strains, complicating genetic studies of VEE emergence. Complete genomic sequences of 4 of the Mexican strains were detd. and compared to those of closely related enzootic subtype IE isolates from Guatemala. The epizootic viruses were less than 2% different at the nucleotide sequence level, and phylogenetic relationships confirmed that the equine-virulent Mexican strains probably evolved from enzootic progenitors on the Pacific Coast of Mexico or Guatemala. Of 35 amino acids that varied among the Guatemalan and Mexican isolates, only 8 were predicted phylogenetically to have accompanied the phenotypic change.

One **mutation** at position 117 of the E2 envelope glycoprotein, involving replacement of Glu by Lys, resulted in a small-plaque phenotype characteristic of epizootic VEEV strains. Anal. of addnl. E2 sequences from representative enzootic and epizootic VEEV isolates implicated similar surface charge changes in the emergence of previous South American epizootic phenotypes, indicating that E2 **mutations** are probably important determinants of the equine-virulent phenotype and of VEE emergence. Maximum-likelihood anal. indicated that one change at E2 position 213 has been influenced by pos. selection and convergent evolution of the epizootic phenotype.

REFERENCE COUNT: 51 THERE ARE 51 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

L23 ANSWER 2 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:5489 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:58582

TITLE: **Glycoproteins E2** of the Venezuelan and Eastern equine encephalomyelitis viruses contain multiple cross-reactive epitopes

AUTHOR(S): Pereboev, A. V.; Razumov, I. A.; Svyatchenko, V. A.; Loktev, V. B.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Molecular Biology, State Res. Center Virology and Biotechnology, Koltsovo, Russia

SOURCE: Archives of Virology (1996), 141(11), 2191-2205
CODEN: ARVIDF; ISSN: 0304-8608

PUBLISHER: Springer
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

AB Enzyme immunoassay (EIA) with sixty types of monoclonal antibodies (MABs) was used to study cross-reactive epitopes on the attenuated and virulent strains of the Eastern equine encephalomyelitis (EEE) and Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis (VEE) viruses. All three structural proteins of the EEE and VEE viruses were demonstrated to have both cross-reactive and specific antigenic determinants. The glycoprotein E1 of EEE and VEE viruses possesses three cross-reactive epitopes for binding to MABs. **Glycoprotein E2** has a cluster of epitopes for 20 cross-reacting MABs produced to EEE and VEE viruses. Cross-reactive epitopes are localised within five different sites of **glycoprotein E2** of VEE virus and within four sites of that of the EEE virus. There are no cross-neutralizing MABs to the VEE and EEE viruses. Only

one type of the protective Mabs was able to cross-protect mice against lethal infection by the virulent strains of the VEE and EEE viruses. Eight MABs blocked the hemagglutination activity (HA) of both viruses. Antigenic alterations of neutralizing and protective sites were revealed for all attenuated strains of the VEE and EEE viruses. Comparative studies of

the E2 proteins amino acid sequences show that the antigenic modifications obsd. with the attenuated strains of the VEE virus may be caused by multiple amino acid changes in positions 7, 62, 120, 192 and 209-213.

The escape-variants of the VEE virus obtained with cross-reactive MABs 7D1, 2D4 and 7A6 have **mutations** of the E2 protein at positions 59, 212-213 and 232, resp. Amino acid sequences in these regions of the VEE and EEE viruses are not homologous. These observations indicate that cross-reactive MABs are capable of recognizing discontinuous epitopes on the E2 glycoprotein.

L23 ANSWER 3 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:25862 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:25862

TITLE: Mapping of VEE **glycoprotein E2** sites E2-2 and E2-6 using peptides

AUTHOR(S): Svyatchenko, V. A.; Pereboev, A. V.; Agapov, E. V.; Razumov, I. A.; Sabirov, A. N.; Mizenko, G. A.; Samukov, V. V.; Loktev, V. B.

CORPORATE SOURCE: NII Mol. Biol., Russia

SOURCE: Voprosy Virusologii (1993), 38(4), 162-7

CODEN: VVIRAT; ISSN: 0507-4088

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Russian

AB Nine peptides were synthesized for detailed mapping of **Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus** (VEE) surface **glycoprotein E2** E2-2 and E2-6 sites responsible for the formation of the protective antibodies that neutralize the virus and

block hemagglutination. The sequence of the peptides overlapped the regions of amino acid residues 30-75 and 202-250 of VEE virus E2 protein in which antigenic **mutations** caused by monoclonal antibodies to E2-2 and E2-6 sites had been mapped. None of the synthesized peptides reacted

with a panel of 17 monoclonal antibodies in enzyme immunoassay. However,

eight peptides reacted with polyclonal antiviral serum and two of them elicited antiviral antibody prodn. The E2-2 site might be assocd. with amino acid

residues 30-45. The region of **glycoprotein E2** around residues 57-62 in which antigenic **mutations** were obsd. was not a linear type antigenic determinant , but participated in the formation of antigenic determinants of the conformational type. The mapping of residues 202-250 demonstrated that all the peptides in this region were well recognized by polyclonal antiviral serum. The residues 235-240 were shown to form a linear epitope which provided a crossover between VEE and Eastern equine encephalomyelitis virus (EEE) and was not recognized by 19 types of monoclonal antibodies cross-reacting with VEE and EEE viruses.

L23 ANSWER 4 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:513017 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:113017

TITLE: Attenuation of **Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus** strain TC-83 is encoded by the 5'-noncoding region and the E2

envelope

glycoprotein
AUTHOR(S): Kinney, Richard M.; Chang, Gwong Jen; Tsuchiya, Kyotaka R.; Sneider, Judith M.; Roehrig, John T.; Woodward, Tonja M.; Trent, Dennis W.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Div. Vector-Borne Infect. Dis., Natl. Cent. Infect. Dis., Fort Collins, CO, 80522-2087, USA
SOURCE: Journal of Virology (1993), 67(3), 1269-77
CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The virulent Trinidad donkey (TRD) strain of Venezuelan equine encephalitis (VEE) virus and its live attenuated vaccine deriv., TC-83 virus, have different neurovirulence characteristics. A full-length cDNA clone of the TC-83 virus genome was constructed behind the bacteriophage T7 promoter in the polylinker of plasmid pUC18. To identify the genomic determinants of TC-83 virus attenuation, TRD virus-specific sequences were

inserted into the TC-83 virus clone by in vitro mutagenesis or recombination. Antigenic anal. of recombinant viruses with VEE E2- and E1-specific monoclonal antibodies gave predicted antigenic reactivities. Mouse challenge expts. indicated that genetic markers responsible for the attenuated phenotype of TC-83 virus are composed of genome nucleotide position 3 in the 5'-noncoding region and the E2 envelope glycoprotein. TC-83 virus amino acid position E2-120 appeared to be the major structural

determinant of attenuation. Insertion of the TRD virus-specific 5'-noncoding regions, by itself, into the TC-83 virus full-length clone did not alter the attenuated phenotype of the virus. However, the TRD virus-specific 5'-noncoding region enhanced the virulence potential of downstream TRD virus amino acid sequences.

L23 ANSWER 5 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:185124 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:185124

TITLE: CDNA clone coding for **venezuelan equine encephalitis virus** and attenuating **mutations** thereof

INVENTOR(S): Davis, Nancy L.; Willis, Loretta V.; Johnston, Robert E.; Smith, Jonathan F.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): North Carolina State University, USA

SOURCE: U.S., 24 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: CODEN: USXXAM
LANGUAGE: Patent
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: English 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5185440	A	19930209	US 1989-369023	19890620

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1989-369023 19890620

AB A DNA comprising a venezuelan equine encephalitis (VEE) cDNA fused to a heterologous promoter, said cDNA contg. attenuating **mutations** in the **glycoprotein E2** gene is claimed. CDNA encoding full-length VEE RNA, VEE RNA with a deletion in the nsP3 gene, and VEE RNA with attenuating substitution **mutations** in the E2 gene were prepd. The RNA produced in vitro from the full-length and deletion mutant cDNAs was infectious.

L23 ANSWER 8 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:443375 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:43375

TITLE: Attenuating **mutations** in the E2 glycoprotein gene of **Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus**: construction of single and multiple mutants in a full-length cDNA clone

AUTHOR(S): Davis, Nancy L.; Powell, Nathaniel; Greenwald, Gary F.; Willis, Loretta V.; Johnson, Barbara J. B.; Smith,

CORPORATE SOURCE: Jonathan F.; Johnston, Robert E. Sch. Med., Univ. North Carolina, Chapel Hill, NC, 27599, USA

SOURCE: Virology (1991), 183(1), 20-31

CODEN: VIRLAX; ISSN: 0042-6822

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Attenuated mutants of **Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus** (VEE) were isolated by selection for rapid penetration of cultured cells (Johnston, R. E. and Smith, J. F., 1988). Sequence anal. of these mutants identified candidate attenuating **mutations** at 4 loci in the VEE E2 glycoprotein gene: a double **mutation** at E2 codons 3 and 4, and single substitutions at E2, 76, 120, and 209. Each candidate **mutation** was reproduced in an isogenic recombinant VEE strain using site-directed mutagenesis of a full-length cDNA clone of VEE. Characterization of these molecularly cloned mutant viruses showed that **mutation** at each of the 4 loci in the E2 gene was sufficient to confer both the accelerated penetration and attenuation phenotypes. Inoculation of the molecularly cloned viruses into rodent models that differ in their response to VEE suggested that individual **mutations** affected different aspects of VEE pathogenesis. Full-length clones contg. multiple **mutations** were produced by combining independently attenuating **mutations**. Molecularly cloned viruses carrying 2 or 3 **mutations** were more attenuated in sensitive animal models than were viruses which contained any single **mutation** alone. However, these highly attenuated strains still retained the ability to induce an immune response sufficient to protect against a high dose challenge with virulent VEE. These results indicate that prodn. of a molecularly cloned live virus vaccine for VEE is feasible.

L23 ANSWER 7 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:650587 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:250587

TITLE: A single amino acid change in the E2 glycoprotein of
**Venezuelan equine
encephalitis virus** affects
replication and dissemination in *Aedes aegypti*
mosquitoes

AUTHOR(S): Woodward, Tonja M.; Miller, Barry R.; Beaty, Barry
J.;

Trent, Dennis W.; Roehrig, John T.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Public Health Serv., Cent. Dis. Control, Fort
Collins,

CO, 80522, USA
SOURCE: Journal of General Virology (1991), 72(10), 2431-5
CODEN: JGVIAI; ISSN: 0022-1317

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Four monoclonal antibody-resistant variants (MARVs) of Venezuelan equine
encephalitis (VEE) virus were used to study mosquito-virus interactions.
In vitro expts. using an *A. albopictus* cell line, C6/36, demonstrated

that

an amino acid change in the glycoprotein E2h epitope (MARV 1A3B-7)
decreased virus growth when compared with the wild-type, Trinidad donkey
virus, and its vaccine deriv., TC-83. The MARVs replicated as
efficiently
as the parent virus when inoculated into *A. aegypti* mosquitoes, but MARV
1A3B-7 was restricted in its ability to infect and disseminate from the
midgut following oral infection. These results demonstrate that a single
amino acid change in the E2 glycoprotein can affect the ability of VEE
virus to replicate and disseminate in *A. aegypti* mosquitoes.

L23 ANSWER 6 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:97852 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:97852

TITLE: Effect of **mutations** in structural protein
genes on attenuation of **Venezuelan**
equine encephalitis virus

AUTHOR(S): Frolov, I. V.; Agapov, E. V.; Kolykhalov, A. A.;
Netesov, S. V.; Sandakhchiev, L. S.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Nauchno-Proizvod. Ob'edin. "Vektor", Koltsovo, Russia
SOURCE: Doklady Akademii Nauk (1992), 326(6), 1078-82
[Virol.]

CODEN: DAKNEQ; ISSN: 0869-5652

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Russian

AB Variants of Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis virus carrying
mutations in genes for **glycoprotein E2** and
capsid protein C were obtained. These mutants were less pathogenic to
mice than wild-type virions. Plasmids carrying the mutated genes were
constructed (pVE7120, pVE230, pVETC230) and expressed in *Escherichia*
coli.

The results are discussed in relation to development of highly attenuated
live vaccines for protection against alphavirus infections.

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NEWS	3	Apr 09	BEILSTEIN: Reload and Implementation of a New Subject Area
NEWS	4	Apr 09	ZDB will be removed from STN
NEWS	5	Apr 19	US Patent Applications available in IFICDB, IFIPAT, and
IFIUDB			
NEWS	6	Apr 22	Records from IP.com available in CAPLUS, HCAPLUS, and
ZCAPLUS			
NEWS	7	Apr 22	BIOSIS Gene Names now available in TOXCENTER
NEWS	8	Apr 22	Federal Research in Progress (FEDRIP) now available
NEWS	9	Jun 03	New e-mail delivery for search results now available
NEWS	10	Jun 10	MEDLINE Reload
NEWS	11	Jun 10	PCTFULL has been reloaded
NEWS	12	Jul 02	FOREGE no longer contains STANDARDS file segment
NEWS	13	Jul 22	USAN to be reloaded July 28, 2002; saved answer sets no longer valid
NEWS	14	Jul 29	Enhanced polymer searching in REGISTRY
NEWS	15	Jul 30	NETFIRST to be removed from STN
NEWS	16	Aug 08	CANCERLIT reload
NEWS	17	Aug 08	PHARMAMarketLetter(PHARMAML) - new on STN
NEWS	18	Aug 08	NTIS has been reloaded and enhanced
NEWS	19	Aug 19	Aquatic Toxicity Information Retrieval (AQUIRE) now available on STN
NEWS	20	Aug 19	IFIPAT, IFICDB, and IFIUDB have been reloaded
NEWS	21	Aug 19	The MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER has been reloaded
NEWS	22	Aug 26	Sequence searching in REGISTRY enhanced
NEWS	23	Sep 03	JAPIO has been reloaded and enhanced
NEWS	24	Sep 16	Experimental properties added to the REGISTRY file
NEWS	25	Sep 16	CA Section Thesaurus available in CAPLUS and CA
NEWS	26	Oct 01	CASREACT Enriched with Reactions from 1907 to 1985
NEWS	27	Oct 21	EVENTLINE has been reloaded
NEWS	28	Oct 24	BEILSTEIN adds new search fields
NEWS	29	Oct 24	Nutraceuticals International (NUTRACEUT) now available on
STN			
NEWS	30	Oct 25	MEDLINE SDI run of October 8, 2002
NEWS	31	Nov 18	DKILIT has been renamed APOLLIT
NEWS	32	Nov 25	More calculated properties added to REGISTRY
NEWS	33	Dec 02	TIBKAT will be removed from STN
NEWS	34	Dec 04	CSA files on STN
NEWS	35	Dec 17	PCTFULL now covers WP/PCT Applications from 1978 to date
NEWS	36	Dec 17	TOXCENTER enhanced with additional content
NEWS	37	Dec 17	Adis Clinical Trials Insight now available on STN
NEWS	38	Dec 30	ISMEC no longer available
NEWS	39	Jan 13	Indexing added to some pre-1967 records in CA/CAPLUS
NEWS	40	Jan 21	NUTRACEUT offering one free connect hour in February 2003
NEWS	41	Jan 21	PHARMAML offering one free connect hour in February 2003

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 CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0b(ENG) AND V6.0Jb(JP),
 AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 01 OCTOBER 2002
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 NEWS INTER General Internet Information
 NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items
 NEWS PHONE Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN
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FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 07:38:46 ON 24 JAN 2003

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=> alphavirus (l) E2 (l) mutation

'E2' NOT FOUND

The E# entered is not currently defined.

=> alphavirus (w) mutation

L1 1 ALPHAVIRUS (W) MUTATION

=> Alphavirus (l) mutation

L2 135 ALPHAVIRUS (L) MUTATION

=> E2 (w) glycoprotein

'E2' NOT FOUND

The E# entered is not currently defined.

=> encapside (w) protein

L3 0 ENCAPSIDE (W) PROTEIN

=> glycoprotein

L4 219975 GLYCOPROTEIN

=> L2 and L4

L5 48 L2 AND L4

=> D L5 IBIB TI 1-48

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:749758 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:21957

TITLE: Molecular genetic evidence that the hydrophobic anchors of **glycoproteins** E2 and E1 interact during assembly of alphaviruses

AUTHOR(S): Strauss, Ellen G.; Lenches, Edith M.; Strauss, James H.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Biology, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, CA, 91125, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Virology (2002), 76(20), 10188-10194
CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X

PUBLISHER: American Society for Microbiology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

TI Molecular genetic evidence that the hydrophobic anchors of **glycoproteins** E2 and E1 interact during assembly of alphaviruses

REFERENCE COUNT: 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:614270 CAPLUS

TITLE: Second-generation DNA and alphavirus replicon-based vaccines

AUTHOR(S): Polo, John; Perri, Silvia; Greer, Catherine; O'Hagan, Derek; Singh, Manmohan; Otten, Gillis; Ulmer, Jeffrey;

Donnelly, John

CORPORATE SOURCE: Immunology and Infectious Diseases, Chiron Corporation, Emeryville, CA, 94608, USA

SOURCE: Abstracts of Papers, 224th ACS National Meeting, Boston, MA, United States, August 18-22, 2002 (2002), BIOT-314. American Chemical Society: Washington, D. C.

CODEN: 69CZPZ

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; Meeting Abstract

LANGUAGE: English

TI Second-generation DNA and alphavirus replicon-based vaccines

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:185275 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:252464

TITLE: Vectors derived from south african arbovirus no. 86 and uses thereof as a therapeutic gene delivery vesicle for bone joint cells and bone marrow cells

INVENTOR(S): Johnston, Robert E.; Heise, Mark T.; Simpson, Dennis

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 90 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO. DATE

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WO 2002020721      A2      20020314      WO 2001-US27644      20010906
WO 2002020721      A3      20020627
W:  AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
    CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
    GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
    LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL,
    PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG,
    US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
    DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
    BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
AU 2001090642      A5      20020322      AU 2001-90642      20010906
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:      US 2000-230663P      P      20000907
                                WO 2001-US27644      W      20010906
TI  Vectors derived from south african arbovirus no. 86 and uses thereof as a
    therapeutic gene delivery vesicle for bone joint cells and bone marrow
    cells

L5  ANSWER 4 OF 48  CAPLUS  COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER:      2001:761271  CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:      136:84626
TITLE:      Identification of genes involved in the host response
            to neurovirulent alphavirus infection
AUTHOR(S):      Johnston, Christine; Jiang, Wenxia; Chu, Tearina;
            Levine, Beth
CORPORATE SOURCE:      Department of Medicine, Columbia University College
of
            Physicians and Surgeons, New York, NY, 10032, USA
SOURCE:      Journal of Virology (2001), 75(21), 10431-10445
            CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X
PUBLISHER:      American Society for Microbiology
DOCUMENT TYPE:      Journal
LANGUAGE:      English
TI  Identification of genes involved in the host response to neurovirulent
    alphavirus infection
REFERENCE COUNT:      65      THERE ARE 65 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
THIS
            RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
FORMAT

L5  ANSWER 5 OF 48  CAPLUS  COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER:      2001:521822  CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:      135:106287
TITLE:      Overcoming interference in alphavirus immune
            individuals
INVENTOR(S):      Hart, Mary Katherine; Azarion, Maryam
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):      United States of America as Represented by the
            Secretary of the Army, USA
SOURCE:      U.S., 26 pp.
            CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE:      Patent
LANGUAGE:      English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.      KIND      DATE      APPLICATION NO.      DATE
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US 6261567      B1      20010717      US 1998-82357      19980520
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:      US 1997-47167P      P      19970520

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US 1998-77731P P 19980312

TI Overcoming interference in alphavirus immune individuals
REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:16307 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:219457
TITLE: Differential roles of two conserved glycine residues
in the fusion peptide of Semliki Forest virus
AUTHOR(S): Shome, Swati Ghosh; Kielian, Margaret
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Cell Biology, Albert Einstein College
of
Medicine, Bronx, NY, 10461, USA
SOURCE: Virology (2001), 279(1), 146-160
CODEN: VIRLAX; ISSN: 0042-6822
PUBLISHER: Academic Press
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

TI Differential roles of two conserved glycine residues in the fusion
peptide

of Semliki Forest virus

REFERENCE COUNT: 67 THERE ARE 67 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 7 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:742266 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:320989
TITLE: Compositions and methods for generating an immune
response utilizing alphavirus-based vector systems
INVENTOR(S): Polo, John M.; Dubensky, Thomas W., Jr.; Frolov,
Ilya;
Gardner, Jason P.; Otten, Gillis; Barnett, Susan;
Driver, David A.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chiron Corporation, USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 83 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000061772	A2	20001019	WO 2000-US10722	20000414
WO 2000061772	A3	20010208		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
EP 1175497	A2	20020130	EP 2000-923558	20000414
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,			

IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
 JP 2002541814 T2 20021210 JP 2000-611695 20000414
 WO 2001081609 A2 20011101 WO 2001-US9326 20010322
 WO 2001081609 A3 20020228
 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
 CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
 HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
 LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
 SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
 YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
 DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
 BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1999-129498P P 19990414
 US 1999-148086P P 19990809
 US 2000-191363P P 20000322
 WO 2000-US10722 W 20000414
 TI Compositions and methods for generating an immune response utilizing
 alphavirus-based vector systems
 L5 ANSWER 8 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:154183 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:345299
 TITLE: Adaptive mutations in Sindbis virus E2 and Ross River
 virus E1 that allow efficient budding of chimeric
 viruses
 AUTHOR(S): Kim, Kyongmin Hwang; Strauss, Ellen G.; Strauss,
 James
 H.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Biology, California Institute of
 Technology, Pasadena, CA, 91125, USA
 SOURCE: Journal of Virology (2000), 74(6), 2663-2670
 CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X
 PUBLISHER: American Society for Microbiology
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 TI Adaptive mutations in Sindbis virus E2 and Ross River virus E1 that allow
 efficient budding of chimeric viruses
 REFERENCE COUNT: 45 THERE ARE 45 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
 THIS
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
 FORMAT
 L5 ANSWER 9 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:93468 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:219362
 TITLE: Biochemical consequences of a mutation that controls
 the cholesterol dependence of Semliki Forest virus
 fusion
 AUTHOR(S): Chatterjee, Prodyot K.; Vashishtha, Malini; Kielian,
 Margaret
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Cell Biology, Albert Einstein College
 of
 Medicine, Bronx, NY, 10461, USA
 SOURCE: Journal of Virology (2000), 74(4), 1623-1631
 CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X
 PUBLISHER: American Society for Microbiology
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 TI Biochemical consequences of a mutation that controls the cholesterol

dependence of Semliki Forest virus fusion
REFERENCE COUNT: 57 THERE ARE 57 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 10 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:4844 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:148857
TITLE: Rainbow trout sleeping disease virus is an atypical
alphavirus
AUTHOR(S): Villoing, Stephane; Bearzotti, Monique; Chilmunczyk,
Stefan; Castric, Jeannette; Bremont, Michel
CORPORATE SOURCE: Unite de Virologie et Immunologie Moleculaires,
Institut National de la Recherche Agronomique,
Jouy-en-Josas, 78352, Fr.
SOURCE: Journal of Virology (2000), 74(1), 173-183
CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X
PUBLISHER: American Society for Microbiology
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
TI Rainbow trout sleeping disease virus is an atypical alphavirus
REFERENCE COUNT: 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 11 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:622010 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:349280
TITLE: Growth and stability of a cholesterol-independent
Semliki Forest virus mutant in mosquitoes
AUTHOR(S): Ahn, Anna; Schoepp, Randal J.; Sternberg, David;
Kielian, Margaret
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Cell Biology, Albert Einstein College
of
Medicine, Bronx, NY, 10461, USA
SOURCE: Virology (1999), 262(2), 452-456
CODEN: VIRLAX; ISSN: 0042-6822
PUBLISHER: Academic Press
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
TI Growth and stability of a cholesterol-independent Semliki Forest virus
mutant in mosquitoes
REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 12 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:263477 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:71025
TITLE: The cholesterol requirement for Sindbis virus entry
and exit and characterization of a spike protein
region involved in cholesterol dependence
AUTHOR(S): Lu, Yanping E.; Cassese, Todd; Kielian, Margaret
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Cell Biology, Albert Einstein College
of
Medicine, Bronx, NY, 10461, USA
SOURCE: Journal of Virology (1999), 73(5), 4272-4278

CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X
PUBLISHER: American Society for Microbiology
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
TI The cholesterol requirement for Sindbis virus entry and exit and
characterization of a spike protein region involved in cholesterol
dependence
REFERENCE COUNT: 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 13 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:63191 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:247589
TITLE: Two-helper RNA system for production of recombinant
Semliki Forest virus particles
AUTHOR(S): Smerdou, C.; Liljestrom, P.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Microbiology and Tumor Biology Center, Karolinska
Institute, Stockholm, S-17177, Swed.
SOURCE: Journal of Virology (1999), 73(2), 1092-1098
CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X
PUBLISHER: American Society for Microbiology
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
TI Two-helper RNA system for production of recombinant Semliki Forest virus
particles
REFERENCE COUNT: 52 THERE ARE 52 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 14 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:790681 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:34018
TITLE: Live attenuated virus vaccines for equine
encephalitis
viruses
INVENTOR(S): Parker, Michael D.; Smith, Jonathan F.; Crise, Bruce
J.; Oberste, Mark Steve; Schmura, Shannon M.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Walter Reed Army Institute of Research, USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 112 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9853077	A1	19981126	WO 1998-US10645	19980520
W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
US 6261570	B1	20010717	US 1997-991840	19971216

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:38690
 TITLE: Mutations in the Sindbis virus capsid gene can partially suppress mutations in the cytoplasmic domain of the virus E2 **glycoprotein** spike
 AUTHOR(S): Ryan, Christine; Ivanova, Lidia; Schlesinger, Milton J.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Molecular Microbiology, Washington University School of Medicine, St. Louis, MO, 63110-1093, USA
 SOURCE: Virology (1998), 243(2), 380-387
 CODEN: VIRLAX; ISSN: 0042-6822
 PUBLISHER: Academic Press
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 TI Mutations in the Sindbis virus capsid gene can partially suppress mutations in the cytoplasmic domain of the virus E2 **glycoprotein** spike
 REFERENCE COUNT: 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
 FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 18 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:52576 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:190275
 TITLE: Molecular genetic study of the interaction of Sindbis virus E2 with Ross River virus E1 for virus budding
 AUTHOR(S): Yao, Jiansheng; Strauss, Ellen G.; Strauss, James H.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Div. Biol., California Inst. Technol., Pasadena, CA, 91125, USA
 SOURCE: Journal of Virology (1998), 72(2), 1418-1423
 CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X
 PUBLISHER: American Society for Microbiology
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 TI Molecular genetic study of the interaction of Sindbis virus E2 with Ross River virus E1 for virus budding

L5 ANSWER 19 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:684486 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:355946
 TITLE: Recombinant alphavirus-based vectors with reduced inhibition of cellular macromolecular synthesis
 INVENTOR(S): Dubensky, Thomas W., Jr.; Polo, John M.; Belli, Barbara A.; Schlesinger, Sondra; Dryga, Sergey A.; Frolov, Ilya
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chiron Viagene, Inc., USA; Washington University; Dubensky, Thomas W., Jr.; Polo, John M.; Belli, Barbara A.; Schlesinger, Sondra; Dryga, Sergey A.; Frolov, Ilya
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 308 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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WO 9738087 A2 19971016 WO 1997-US6010 19970404
 W: AL, AM, AT, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK,
 EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
 LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT,
 RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
 YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
 RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB,
 GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN,
 ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
 AU 9728007 A1 19971029 AU 1997-28007 19970404
 EP 907746 A2 19990414 EP 1997-922294 19970404
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
 IE, FI
 JP 2001521369 T2 20011106 JP 1997-536512 19970404
 US 6458560 B1 20021001 US 1999-415868 19991008
 US 6465634 B1 20021015 US 1999-415900 19991008
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1996-628594 A 19960405
 US 1996-668953 A 19960624
 US 1996-679640 A 19960712
 US 1997-833148 B2 19970404
 WO 1997-US6010 W 19970404
 US 1997-944645 A3 19971006
 TI Recombinant alphavirus-based vectors with reduced inhibition of cellular
 macromolecular synthesis

 L5 ANSWER 20 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:484316 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:137564
 TITLE: Mutations in the endo domain of Sindbis virus
 glycoprotein E2 block phosphorylation,
 reorientation of the endo domain, and nucleocapsid
 binding
 AUTHOR(S): Liu, Linda N.; Lee, Heuiran; Harnandez, Raquel;
 Brown,
 Dennis T.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Microbiology, Univ. Texas Austin, Austin, TX,
 78713-7640, USA
 SOURCE: Virology (1996), 222(1), 236-246
 CODEN: VIRLAX; ISSN: 0042-6822
 PUBLISHER: Academic
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 TI Mutations in the endo domain of Sindbis virus **glycoprotein** E2
 block phosphorylation, reorientation of the endo domain, and nucleocapsid
 binding

 L5 ANSWER 21 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:133588 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:170349
 TITLE: Characterization of revertants of a Sindbis virus 6K
 gene mutant that affects proteolytic processing and
 virus assembly
 AUTHOR(S): Ivanova, Lidia; Le, Lam; Schlesinger, Milton J.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Mol. Microbiol., Washington Univ. Sch. Med., St.
 Louis, MO, 63110, USA
 SOURCE: Virus Research (1995), 39(2-3), 165-79
 CODEN: VIREDF; ISSN: 0168-1702
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

TI Characterization of revertants of a Sindbis virus 6K gene mutant that affects proteolytic processing and virus assembly

L5 ANSWER 22 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:99290 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:167073

TITLE: Deduced consensus sequence of Sindbis Virus strain AR339: mutations contained in laboratory strains which

affect cell culture and in vivo phenotypes
AUTHOR(S): McKnight, Kevin L.; Simpson, Dennis A.; Lin, Seh-Ching; Knott, Travis A.; Polo, John M.; Pence, David F.; Johannsen, Diana B.; Heidner, Hans W.; Davis, Nancy L.; Johnston, Robert E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Microbiology Immunology, Univ. North Carolina, Chapel Hill, NC, 27599-7290, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Virology (1996), 70(3), 1981-89

CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X

PUBLISHER: American Society for Microbiology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

TI Deduced consensus sequence of Sindbis Virus strain AR339: mutations contained in laboratory strains which affect cell culture and in vivo phenotypes

L5 ANSWER 23 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:812038 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:222599

TITLE: Attenuated mutants of Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus containing lethal mutations in the PE2 cleavage signal combined with a second-site suppressor

mutation

in E1
AUTHOR(S): Davis, Nancy L.; Brown, Kevin W.; Greenwald, Gary F.; Zajac, Allan J.; Zacny, Valerie; Smith, Jonathan F.; Johnston, Robert E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. of Microbiology and Immunology, Univ. of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, NC, 25799, USA

SOURCE: Virology (1995), 212(1), 102-10

CODEN: VIRLAX; ISSN: 0042-6822

PUBLISHER: Academic

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

TI Attenuated mutants of Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus containing lethal mutations in the PE2 cleavage signal combined with a second-site suppressor mutation in E1

L5 ANSWER 24 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:526534 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:126534

TITLE: Multiple repeating motifs are found in the 3'-terminal

non-translated region of Semliki Forest virus A7 variant genome

AUTHOR(S): Santagati, Maria G.; Itaeranta, Petri V.; Koskimies, Pasi R.; Maeaettae, Jorma A.; Salmi, Aimo A.; Hinkkanen, Ari E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Virology, Univ. Turku, Turku, FIN-20520, Finland

SOURCE: Journal of General Virology (1994), 75(6), 1499-504

CODEN: JGVIAY; ISSN: 0022-1317

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
TI Multiple repeating motifs are found in the 3'-terminal non-translated region of Semliki Forest virus A7 variant genome

L5 ANSWER 25 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:239766 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:239766
TITLE: Nucleocapsid-**glycoprotein** interactions required for assembly of alphaviruses
AUTHOR(S): Lopez, Susana; Yao, Jian Sheng; Kuhn, Richard J.; Strauss, Ellen G.; Strauss, James H.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Div. Biol., California Inst. Technol., Pasadena, CA, 91125, USA
SOURCE: Journal of Virology (1994), 68(3), 1316-23
CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
TI Nucleocapsid-**glycoprotein** interactions required for assembly of alphaviruses

L5 ANSWER 26 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:467805 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:67805
TITLE: Sindbis virus attachment: Isolation and characterization of mutants with impaired binding to vertebrate cells
AUTHOR(S): Dubuisson, Jean; Rice, Charles M.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Med., Washington Univ., St. Louis, MO, 63110-1093, USA
SOURCE: Journal of Virology (1993), 67(6), 3363-74
CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
TI Sindbis virus attachment: Isolation and characterization of mutants with impaired binding to vertebrate cells

L5 ANSWER 27 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:404764 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:4764
TITLE: Site-directed mutations in the Sindbis virus E2 **glycoprotein** identify palmitoylation sites and affect virus budding
AUTHOR(S): Ivanova, Lidia; Schlesinger, Milton J.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Med., Washington Univ., St. Louis, MO, 63110-1093, USA
SOURCE: Journal of Virology (1993), 67(5), 2546-51
CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
TI Site-directed mutations in the Sindbis virus E2 **glycoprotein** identify palmitoylation sites and affect virus budding

L5 ANSWER 28 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:187537 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:187537
TITLE: An in-frame insertion into the Sindbis virus 6K gene leads to defective proteolytic processing of the virus **glycoproteins**, a trans-dominant negative

interference inhibition of normal virus formation, and

AUTHOR(S): in virus shut off of host-cell protein synthesis
Schlesinger, Milton J.; London, Steven D.; Ryan, Christine

CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Med., Washington Univ., St. Louis, MO, 63110, USA

SOURCE: Virology (1993), 193(1), 424-32
CODEN: VIRLAX; ISSN: 0042-6822

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

TI An in-frame insertion into the Sindbis virus 6K gene leads to defective proteolytic processing of the virus **glycoproteins**, a trans-dominant negative inhibition of normal virus formation, and interference in virus shut off of host-cell protein synthesis

L5 ANSWER 29 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:97852 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:97852

TITLE: Effect of mutations in structural protein genes on attenuation of Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus

AUTHOR(S): Frolov, I. V.; Agapov, E. V.; Kolykhalov, A. A.; Netesov, S. V.; Sandakhchiev, L. S.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Nauchno-Proizvod. Ob'edin. "Vektor", Koltsovo, Russia

SOURCE: Doklady Akademii Nauk (1992), 326(6), 1078-82
[Virol.]

CODEN: DAKNEQ; ISSN: 0869-5652

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Russian

TI Effect of mutations in structural protein genes on attenuation of Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus

L5 ANSWER 30 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:510197 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:110197

TITLE: Mutagenesis of the putative fusion domain of the Semliki Forest virus spike protein

AUTHOR(S): Levy-Mintz, Pnina; Kielian, Margaret

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Cell Biol., Albert Einstein Coll., Bronx, NY, 10461, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Virology (1991), 65(8), 4292-300
CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

TI Mutagenesis of the putative fusion domain of the Semliki Forest virus spike protein

L5 ANSWER 31 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:160513 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:160513

TITLE: Proteolytic processing of the Sindbis virus membrane protein precursor PE2 is nonessential for growth in vertebrate cells but is required for efficient growth in invertebrate cells

AUTHOR(S): Presley, John F.; Polo, John M.; Johnston, Robert E.; Brown, Dennis T.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Cell Res. Inst., Univ. Texas, Austin, TX, 78712-7640, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Virology (1991), 65(4), 1905-9
CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
TI Proteolytic processing of the Sindbis virus membrane protein precursor
PE2

is nonessential for growth in vertebrate cells but is required for
efficient growth in invertebrate cells

L5 ANSWER 32 OF 48 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:560452 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200200560452
TITLE: Molecular genetic evidence that the hydrophobic anchors of
glycoproteins E2 and E1 interact during assembly of
alphaviruses.
AUTHOR(S): Strauss, Ellen G. (1); Lenches, Edith M.; Strauss, James
H.
CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Division of Biology, California Institute of
Technology, 156-29, Pasadena, CA, 91125:
strausse@cco.caltech.edu USA
SOURCE: Journal of Virology, (October, 2002) Vol. 76, No. 20, pp.
10188-10194. <http://intl-jvi.asm.org/>. print.
ISSN: 0022-538X.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
LANGUAGE: English
TI Molecular genetic evidence that the hydrophobic anchors of
glycoproteins E2 and E1 interact during assembly of alphaviruses.

L5 ANSWER 33 OF 48 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:527208 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200100527208
TITLE: Identification of genes involved in the host response to
neurovirulent alphavirus infection.
AUTHOR(S): Johnston, Christine; Jiang, Wenxia; Chu, Tearina; Levine,
Beth (1)
CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Department of Medicine, Columbia University College of
Physicians and Surgeons, 630 W. 168th St., New York, NY,
10032: levine@cuccfa.ccc.columbia.edu USA
SOURCE: Journal of Virology, (November, 2001) Vol. 75, No. 21, pp.
10431-10445. print.
ISSN: 0022-538X.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
LANGUAGE: English
SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English
TI Identification of genes involved in the host response to neurovirulent
alphavirus infection.

L5 ANSWER 34 OF 48 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:190742 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200000190742
TITLE: Adaptive mutations in Sindbis virus E2 and Ross River
virus
E1 that allow efficient budding of chimeric viruses.
AUTHOR(S): Kim, Kyongmin Hwang; Strauss, Ellen G.; Strauss, James H.
(1)
CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Division of Biology, California Institute of
Technology, Pasadena, CA, 91125 USA
SOURCE: Journal of Virology, (March, 2000) Vol. 74, No. 6, pp.
2663-2670.
ISSN: 0022-538X.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
LANGUAGE: English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

TI Adaptive mutations in Sindbis virus E2 and Ross River virus E1 that allow efficient budding of chimeric viruses.

L5 ANSWER 35 OF 48 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:62102 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200000062102

TITLE: Rainbow trout sleeping disease virus is an atypical alphavirus.

AUTHOR(S): Villoing, Stephane; Bearzotti, Monique; Chilmonczyk, Stefan; Castric, Jeannette; Bremont, Michel (1)

CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Unite de Virologie et Immunologie Moleculaires, Institut National de la Recherche Agronomique, 78352, Jouy-en-Josas Cedex France

SOURCE: Journal of Virology, (Jan., 2000) Vol. 74, No. 1, pp. 173-183.

ISSN: 0022-538X.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article

LANGUAGE: English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

TI Rainbow trout sleeping disease virus is an atypical alphavirus.

L5 ANSWER 36 OF 48 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:489684 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199800489684

TITLE: Effects of site-directed mutations of transmembrane cysteines in sindbis virus E1 and E2 **glycoproteins** on palmitylation and virus replication.

AUTHOR(S): Ryan, Christine; Ivanova, Lidia; Schlesinger, Milton J. (1)

CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Dep. Mol. Microbiol., Washington Univ. Sch. Med., St. Louis, MO 63110-1093 USA

SOURCE: Virology, (Sept. 15, 1998) Vol. 249, No. 1, pp. 62-67.

ISSN: 0042-6822.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article

LANGUAGE: English

TI Effects of site-directed mutations of transmembrane cysteines in sindbis virus E1 and E2 **glycoproteins** on palmitylation and virus replication.

L5 ANSWER 37 OF 48 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:256095 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199800256095

TITLE: Mutations in the Sindbis virus capsid gene can partially suppress mutations in the cytoplasmic domain of the virus E2 **glycoprotein** spike.

AUTHOR(S): Ryan, Christine; Ivanova, Lidia; Schlesinger, Milton J. (1)

CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Dep. Mol. Microbiol., Box 8230, Washington Univ. Sch. Med., 660 S. Euclid Ave., St. Louis, MO 63110-1093 USA

SOURCE: Virology, (April 10, 1998) Vol. 243, No. 2, pp. 380-387.

ISSN: 0042-6822.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article

LANGUAGE: English

TI Mutations in the Sindbis virus capsid gene can partially suppress mutations in the cytoplasmic domain of the virus E2 **glycoprotein** spike.

L5 ANSWER 38 OF 48 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:95349 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199800095349
TITLE: Molecular genetic study of the interaction of Sindbis virus
E2 with Ross River virus E1 for virus budding.
AUTHOR(S): Yao, Jiansheng; Strauss, Ellen G.; Strauss, James H. (1)
CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Div. Biol. 15629, California Inst. Technol., Pasadena, CA 91125 USA
SOURCE: Journal of Virology, (Feb., 1998) Vol. 72, No. 2, pp. 1418-1423.
ISSN: 0022-538X.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
LANGUAGE: English
TI Molecular genetic study of the interaction of Sindbis virus E2 with Ross River virus E1 for virus budding.

L5 ANSWER 39 OF 48 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:456987 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199699179343
TITLE: Mutations in the endo domain of Sindbis virus **glycoprotein** E2 block phosphorylation, reorientation of the endo domain, and nucleocapsid binding.
AUTHOR(S): Liu, Linda N.; Lee, Heuiran; Hernandez, Raquel; Brown, Dennis T. (1)
CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Cell Res. Inst., Dep. Microbiol., Univ. Texas at Austin, Austin, TX 78713-7640 USA
SOURCE: Virology, (1996) Vol. 222, No. 1, pp. 236-246.
ISSN: 0042-6822.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
LANGUAGE: English
TI Mutations in the endo domain of Sindbis virus **glycoprotein** E2 block phosphorylation, reorientation of the endo domain, and nucleocapsid binding.

L5 ANSWER 40 OF 48 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:154833 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199698726968
TITLE: Characterization of revertants of a Sindbis virus 6K gene mutant that affects proteolytic processing and virus assembly.
AUTHOR(S): Ivanova, Lidia; Le, Lam; Schlesinger, Milton J. (1)
CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Dep. Mol. Microbiol., Washington Univ. Sch. Med., Box 8230, 660 So. Euclid St., St. Louis, MO 63110 USA
SOURCE: Virus Research, (1995) Vol. 39, No. 2-3, pp. 165-179.
ISSN: 0168-1702.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
LANGUAGE: English
TI Characterization of revertants of a Sindbis virus 6K gene mutant that affects proteolytic processing and virus assembly.

L5 ANSWER 41 OF 48 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:154813 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199698726948
TITLE: Deduced consensus sequence of sindbis virus strain AR339: Mutations contained in laboratory strains which affect cell culture and in vivo phenotypes.
AUTHOR(S): McKnight, Kevin L.; Simpson, Dennis A.; Lin, Seh-Ching; Knott, Travis A.; Polo, John M.; Pence, David F.; Johannsen, Diana B.; Heidner, Hans W.; Davis, Nancy L.;

Johnston, Robert E. (1)
CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Dep. Microbiol. Immunol., Sch. Medicine, Univ. N.C.,
Chapel Hill, NC 27599-7290 USA
SOURCE: Journal of Virology, (1996) Vol. 70, No. 3, pp.
1981-1989.
ISSN: 0022-538X.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
LANGUAGE: English
TI Deduced consensus sequence of sindbis virus strain AR339: Mutations
contained in laboratory strains which affect cell culture and in vivo
phenotypes.

L5 ANSWER 42 OF 48 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:483811 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199598498111
TITLE: Attenuated mutants of Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus
containing lethal mutations in the PE2 cleavage signal
combined with a second-site suppressor mutation in E1.
AUTHOR(S): Davis, Nancy L. (1); Brown, Kevin W.; Greenwald, Gary F.;
Zajac, Allan J.; Zacny, Valerie L.; Smith, Jonathan F.;
Johnston, Robert E.
CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Dep. Microbiol. Immunol., Box 7290, Univ. North
Carolina, Chapel Hill, NC 27599 USA
SOURCE: Virology, (1995) Vol. 212, No. 1, pp. 102-110.
ISSN: 0042-6822.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
LANGUAGE: English
TI Attenuated mutants of Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus containing
lethal mutations in the PE2 cleavage signal combined with a second-site
suppressor mutation in E1.

L5 ANSWER 43 OF 48 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:357921 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199497370921
TITLE: Multiple repeating motifs are found in the 3'-terminal
non-translated region of Semliki Forest virus A7 variant
genome.
AUTHOR(S): Santagati, Maria G.; Itaranta, Petri V.; Koskimies, Pasi
R.; Maatta, Jorma A.; Salmi, Aimo A.; Hinkkanen, Ari E.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Virol., Univ. Turku, Kiinamyyllynkatu 13, FIN-20520
Turku Finland
SOURCE: Journal of General Virology, (1994) Vol. 75, No. 6, pp.
1499-1504.
ISSN: 0022-1317.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
LANGUAGE: English
TI Multiple repeating motifs are found in the 3'-terminal non-translated
region of Semliki Forest virus A7 variant genome.

L5 ANSWER 44 OF 48 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:169979 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199497182979
TITLE: Nucleocapsid-**glycoprotein** interactions required
for assembly of alphaviruses.
AUTHOR(S): Lopez, Susana; Yao, Jian-Sheng; Kuhn, Richard J.; Strauss,
Ellen G.; Strauss, James H. (1)
CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Div. Biol. 156-29, California Inst. Technol.,
Pasadena,
CA 91125 USA
SOURCE: Journal of Virology, (1994) Vol. 68, No. 3, pp.
1316-1323.

ISSN: 0022-538X.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article

LANGUAGE: English

TI Nucleocapsid-**glycoprotein** interactions required for assembly of alphaviruses.

L5 ANSWER 45 OF 48 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:327091 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199396035441

TITLE: Sindbis virus attachment: Isolation and characterization of mutants with impaired binding to vertebrate cells.

AUTHOR(S): Dubuisson, Jean; Rice, Charles M. (1)

CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Dep. Mol. Microbiol., Wash. Univ. Sch. Med., 660 S. Euclid Ave., Box 8230, St. Louis, MO 63110-1093 USA

SOURCE: Journal of Virology, (1993) Vol. 67, No. 6, pp. 3363-3374.

ISSN: 0022-538X.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article

LANGUAGE: English

TI Sindbis virus attachment: Isolation and characterization of mutants with impaired binding to vertebrate cells.

L5 ANSWER 46 OF 48 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:281785 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199396012010

TITLE: Site-directed mutations in the Sindbis virus E2 **glycoprotein** identify palmitoylation sites and affect virus budding.

AUTHOR(S): Ivanova, Lidia; Schlesinger, Milton J. (1)

CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Dep. Molecular Microbiol., Washington Univ. Sch. Med., St. Louis, MO 63110-1093

SOURCE: Journal of Virology, (1993) Vol. 67, No. 5, pp. 2546-2551.

ISSN: 0022-538X.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article

LANGUAGE: English

TI Site-directed mutations in the Sindbis virus E2 **glycoprotein** identify palmitoylation sites and affect virus budding.

L5 ANSWER 47 OF 48 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:214223 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199395115448

TITLE: An in-frame insertion into the Sindbis virus 6K gene leads to defective proteolytic processing of the virus **glycoproteins**, a trans-dominant negative inhibition of normal virus formation, and interference in virus shut off of host-cell protein synthesis.

AUTHOR(S): Schlesinger, Milton J. (1); London, Steven D.; Ryan, Christine

CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Dep. Molecular Microbiology, Box 8230, Washington University School Medicine, St. Louis, MO 63110

SOURCE: Virology, (1993) Vol. 193, No. 1, pp. 424-432.

ISSN: 0042-6822.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article

LANGUAGE: English

TI An in-frame insertion into the Sindbis virus 6K gene leads to defective proteolytic processing of the virus **glycoproteins**, a trans-dominant negative inhibition of normal virus formation, and interference in virus shut off of host-cell protein synthesis.

L5 ANSWER 48 OF 48 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:178161 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: BA85:90263
TITLE: SELECTION FOR ACCELERATED PENETRATION IN CELL CULTURE
COSELECTS FOR ATTENUATED MUTANTS OF VENEZUELAN EQUINE
ENCEPHALITIS VIRUS.
AUTHOR(S): JOHNSTON R E; SMITH J F
CORPORATE SOURCE: DEP. MICROBIOL., NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIV., RALEIGH, N.C.
27695.
SOURCE: VIROLOGY, (1988) 162 (2), 437-443.
CODEN: VIRLAX. ISSN: 0042-6822.
FILE SEGMENT: BA; OLD
LANGUAGE: English
TI SELECTION FOR ACCELERATED PENETRATION IN CELL CULTURE COSELECTS FOR
ATTENUATED MUTANTS OF VENEZUELAN EQUINE ENCEPHALITIS VIRUS.

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